

單元四 假設語氣

高

點

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重點 1 未來可能發生

未來可能發生 ⇒ If + 主 + V, 主, will (shall, can, may) V 原V (祈使句)	
例 句	<p>1. 假如你今晚遲到，你就會惹上麻煩 If you <u>are</u> late tonight, you will get into trouble.</p> <p>2. 假如你熱的話，脫掉外套 If you <u>feel</u> hot, <u>take off</u> your coat.</p>
補充	<p>未來相反 ⇒ If + 主 + were to V, 主 would (could, should, might) V</p> <p>1. 假如太陽打從西邊出來，我就嫁給你 If the sun <u>were to rise</u> in the west, I <u>would marry</u> you.</p>

重點 2 現在事實相反

現在相反：If + 主 + 過去式動詞, 主 would were should + V could might	
例 句	<p>1. 假如我很富有，我就給你一百萬 If I <u>were</u> rich, I <u>would</u> give you one million.</p> <p>2. 假如我有錢，我就到國外讀書 If I <u>had</u> money, I <u>would study</u> abroad.</p>

重點 3 過去事實相反

過去相反：If + 主 + had PP, 主	would should could might	have PP
例 句	1. 假如那時我知道事實，我就會採取行動 If I <u>had known</u> the fact then, I <u>would have taken</u> action. 2. 假如他年輕時努力工作，他就成功了 If he <u>had worked hard</u> , he <u>would have succeeded</u> .	
補充	特殊句型：If + 主 + had PP, 主 + would V 1. 假如我以前努力讀書的話，我現在就是醫生了。 If I <u>had studied</u> hard before, I <u>would be</u> a doctor now.	

重點 4：萬一

萬一 ⇒ If + 主 + should V原, 主	will would	V
例 句	1. 萬一明天下雨，野餐將會被取消 If it <u>should rain</u> tomorrow, the picnic <u>will be called off</u> . 2. 萬一考試失敗，我會再考一次 If I <u>should fail</u> the exam, I <u>will take</u> it again.	

重點 5：if 之倒裝

1. If + 主 + were + ... ⇒ Were + 主 + ... 2. If + 主 + should V + ... ⇒ Should + 主 + ... 3. If + 主 + had PP... ⇒ Had + 主 + PP...		
例 句	1. 假如我沒那麼忙，我就會幫他 If I <u>were</u> not so busy, I <u>would</u> do it. = <u>Were I</u> not so busy, I <u>would</u> do it. 2. 假如我那時有機會參加演講比賽，我可能就會贏得大獎 If I <u>had had</u> the chance to take part in the speech contest, I <u>might have won</u> the grand prize.	

	= <u>Had I had</u> the chance to take part in the speech contest, I <u>might have won</u> the grand prize.
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重點 6 : as if 之用法

	1.現反⇒主+ 現 V + as if +主+ <u>過去式 V</u>
	2.過反⇒主+ 過 V + as if +主+ <u>had PP</u> ⇒
例 句	1.他表現的行為彷彿他是個專家 He <u>acts</u> as if he <u>were</u> an expert. 2.這男孩臉色蒼白彷彿昨晚見到鬼一樣 The boy <u>looked</u> pale as if he <u>had seen</u> a ghost last night.

重點 7 : wish 之用法

	1.I wish that 主+ <u>Ved/were</u> ⇒現反
	2.I wish that 主+ <u>had PP</u> ⇒過反
	3.I wish that 主+ <u>could V</u> ⇒未來(would ,could, should, might)
例 句	1.真希望我很多才多藝 I wish I <u>were</u> talented. 2.真希望我昨天知道這意外事件 I wish I <u>had known</u> the fact yesterday. 3.真希望我能演奏樂器 I wish I <u>could play</u> a music instrument.

重點 8 : it's time

	該是...時候了
	It's time <u> </u> to <u> </u> V <u>that + 主 + should V</u> <u>that + 主 + 過去式 V</u>
例 句	1.該是你剪頭髮的時候了 It's time for you <u>to have</u> a haircut. =It's time <u>that you should</u> have a haircut. =It's time <u>that you had</u> a haircut.

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重點 9 : but that

若非、要不是、要是沒有						
1. 現反⇒						
But for名詞 = without名詞 = If it were not for名詞	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>would</td> <td rowspan="4">V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>should</td> </tr> <tr> <td>could</td> </tr> <tr> <td>might</td> </tr> </table>	would	V	should	could	might
would	V					
should						
could						
might						
2. 過反⇒						
But for名詞 = without名詞 = If it had not been for名詞	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>would</td> <td rowspan="4">have PP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>should</td> </tr> <tr> <td>could</td> </tr> <tr> <td>might</td> </tr> </table>	would	have PP	should	could	might
would	have PP					
should						
could						
might						
例 句	1. 要是沒有陽光，植物便無法存活 <u>But for</u> sunlight, plants <u>could not survive</u> . 2. 要不是你的幫忙，他昨晚可能就淹死了 <u>But for</u> your help, he <u>would have drowned</u> last night.					

- If you could live in a foreign country, _____?
 (A) would you like to live what country
 (B) what country would you like to live in
 (C) do you like to live where
 (D) where do you live 【98 輔仁】
- If I _____ more French last year, I _____ in France.
 (A) knew, would stay (B) had known, would have stayed
 (C) have known, would be staying (D) knew, would have stayed 【97 輔仁】
- If I _____ you, I would go to the movies with them.
 (A) had been (B) was (C) am (D) were 【93 輔仁】
- If she _____, she would have bought the T-shirt.
 (A) has enough money (B) had enough money
 (C) has had enough money (D) had had enough money 【92 淡江】
- “Why didn’t you buy it?”
 “I’d have bought it but I _____ no money.”
 (A) had had (B) have had (C) had been (D) had 【91 淡江】

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